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Development of a Portuguese COVID-19 Imaging Repository and Database: Learning and Sharing Knowledge during a Pandemic

Desenvolvimento de um Repositório de Imagens e Base de Dados Portuguesa de Casos COVID-19: Aprendizagem e Partilha de Conhecimento em Tempo de Pandemia

Keywords: Access to Information; Coronavirus Infections; COVID-19; Portugal; Radiology Information Systems; Tomography, X-Ray Computed

Palavras-chave: Acesso à Informação; COVID-19; Infecções por Coronavírus; Portugal; Portugal; Sistemas de Informação em Radiologia; Tomografia Computorizada

The coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) has been evolving rapidly world-wide and preparedness of health services and front-line hospitals in particular has led to a focus in containment, rapid diagnosis, effective treatment and extensive population screening.

Radiology departments have implemented infection prevention and control standard precautions, according to

published recommendations.^{1,2} Restructuring of hospital operations, however, has affected trainees in terms of their educational (residency) programs and workforce capabilities, in order to promote workplace safety.³ In order to further engage trainees and mitigate the restrictions of social distancing, educators have been encouraged to design alternative instructional platforms for active learning and promote digital teaching resources⁴.

Some international societies have developed public imaging registries for learning and research purposes, sharing knowledge and experience regarding COVID-19 in dedicated websites, namely the European Society of Radiology (EURORAD), the British Society of Thoracic Imaging and Società Italiana di Radiologia Medica e Interventistica.^{5,6} Such databases have been used as an adjunctive tool by colleagues all over the world to boost and improve their skills, as well as provide a better understanding of this condition.

With this in mind, a group of radiology residents in Portugal designed a public database of COVID-19 cases from their respective institution with the intention of creating a learning platform and share knowledge among peers.⁷

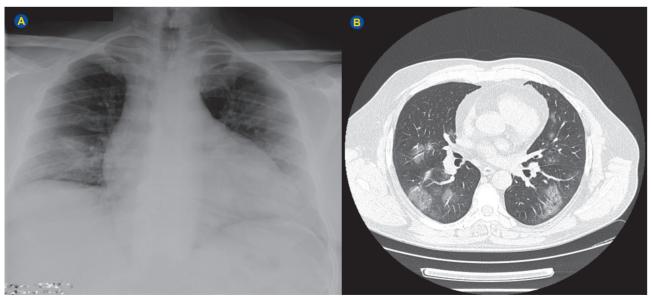


Figure 1 – 52-year-old hypertensive male patient attends the emergency department due to persistence of fever and diarrhea for six days. Lab work performed at admission reveals leucopenia, thrombocytopenia and increased lactate dehydrogenase levels. Chest radiography (A) and thoracic CT axial slice (B) performed at admission show multiple bilateral peripheral ground-glass opacities, compatible with COVID-19 pneumonia, which was confirmed with throat and nasal swab test.

The database is entirely anonymous and includes COV-ID-19 confirmed and suspected cases, as well as pertinent alternative cases such as COVID-229E, H1N1, H3N2 or atypical bacterial pneumonias. This public registry is unique since it contains a more detailed clinical history and followup of the patients.

To date, sixteen adult and ten pediatric COVID-19 confirmed cases have been inserted in the registry, as well as four COVID-19 suspected cases and eight alternative diagnoses (other atypical pneumonias). Informed consent was not possible to obtain due to patient contact restrictions, workplace precautions and quick progression of the outbreak, but absolute anonymity of the information shared was ensured. A clinical vignette was included for every patient which includes age, sex, clinical history, co-morbidities,

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lab-work, follow-up time and hospitalization outcome, along with serial radiography and computed tomography (CT) performed at admission and during hospitalization (Fig. 1 shows a chest radiography and CT of a patient from the registry with typical COVID-19 pneumonia findings). More than 90% of cases included in the database performed thoracic CT, which allows for a more detailed imaging evaluation and comparison with radiographic findings.

The database is publicly available from https://tinyurl. com/covid-19-portuguese-database and has been disseminated to the scientific community through forums, websites and radiological societies. The authors would like to invite all radiologists as well as colleagues from other specialties to participate in this initiative and share cases with the community.

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