Umbilical Cord Hemangioma with Pseudocyst: An Exceptional Finding



Hemangioma do Cordão Umbilical com Pseudocisto Associado: Um Achado Raro

Acta Med Port 2017 Sep;30(9):662-662 • https://doi.org/10.20344/amp.9274

Keywords: Cysts; Hemangioma; Pregnancy Complications; Umbilical Cord Palavras-chave: Complicações na Gravidez; Cordão umbilical; Hemangioma; Quistos

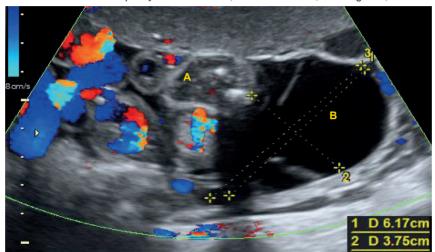


Figure 1 – Ultrasound at 31 W: the hemangioma presents as an hyperechogenic mass with Figure 2 – Pathology findings: the hemangiolow blood flow (A) in close relation with a big cystic mass (B)



ma with 50 mm x 45 mm involving two vessels with an associated pseudocyst (10 mm)

Healthy 33-years-old woman, nulliparous with uncomplicated pregnancy presents at 23 weeks (W) with umbilical cord cyst diagnosis. Ultrasound without fetal abnormalities, and normal amniotic fluid index. Tight pregnancy surveillance showed progressive size increase of the cyst (80 mm) associated with a small hiperecogenic mass of the umbilical cord (Fig. 1), with otherwise normal findings. Vaccum--assisted delivery at 39 W with a healthy male newborn, 3350 g, without skin hemangiomas. Pathology revealed a 50 mm x 45 mm hemangioma involving two vessels of the cord with associated 10 mm pseudocyst (Fig. 2).

Hemangiomas arise from proliferation of the primitive angiogenic mesenchyme of the cord and are extremely rare findings.1-4 Pseudocysts are often associated because of the increased vascular pressure, causing transfer of fluid into Wharton's jelly.1 They can be associated with chromosomal / congenital defects,3,4 growth restriction,1,3 pleural / pericardial effusion, 3,4 fetal hydrops, 1,3 cutaneous / systemic hemangiomas^{1,4,5} and fetal demise.¹⁻⁵ A mortality rate of 35% has been descibed, mostly by cord compression, torsion or bleeding. 1,5

DATA CONFIDENTIALITY

Informed consent was duly obtained from the patient.

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

All authors report no conflict of interest.

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Recebido: 06 de junho de 2017 - Aceite: 18 de agosto de 2017 | Copyright © Ordem dos Médicos 2017

